

AP US History - SS5185		Scope and Sequence
Unit	Lesson	Objectives
<b>Course Introduction</b>		
	Introduction to AP US History	
<b>Age of Exploration</b>		
	Introduction to Unit 1	
	Indigenous Nations of the East Coast	<p>Locate and identify major Indigenous cultures in eastern North America during the age of exploration.</p> <p>Describe the common qualities shared by diverse Indigenous cultures in eastern North America.</p> <p>Compare and contrast the systems of government created by Eastern Indigenous cultures.</p>
	Voyages of Exploration	<p>Explain European motivations for exploration.</p> <p>Determine how new technologies improve travel for exploration.</p> <p>Identify the impact each exploration and explorer made on society.</p>
	Conquest of the Americas	<p>Explain Spain's motivations for colonization in the New World.</p> <p>Describe the Spanish conquest of the Aztec and Inca empires.</p> <p>Explain the effects of Spanish colonization on the American Indians in the New World.</p>
	English Exploration	<p>Describe the reasons for the failure of early English settlements.</p> <p>Identify the goals of the Virginia Company.</p> <p>Evaluate the successes and failures of Jamestown.</p>
	French and Dutch Exploration	

**Unit Lesson**

**Objectives**

Examine the reasons for early French exploration of the Americas, including the voyages of Verrazano and Cartier.

Describe the importance of the fur trade, farming, and the Mississippi River to the establishment of New France.

Explain the influence of trade on the establishment of New Netherland and New Amsterdam.

Historical Thinking Skills

Identify the different types of historical thinking skills.

Analyze how historical thinking skills can be used to understand historical concepts.

Reading Lesson, Chapter 1: Colliding Worlds, 1450–1600

AP Skills: Answering the Short-Answer Question

AP Skills: Answering Multiple-Choice Questions

**Unit Test**

Unit Test

Explain the characteristics of diverse American Indian societies and the reasons for these differences.

Explain how the exchange of ideas, goods, diseases, and peoples developed after European contact.

Explain how the exchange of ideas, goods, diseases, and people affected American, African, and European societies.

Describe European motivations for exploration and colonization.

Describe the effects of European colonization on American Indian societies.

**Settlement of the American Colonies**

Introduction to Unit 2

The Columbian Exchange

## Unit Lesson

## Objectives

Identify the consumer goods and raw materials that were exchanged between the Americas and Europe.

Explain the impact of new diseases on the Americas.

Describe the cultural values brought to the Americas by early European explorers.

## The Middle Passage

Explain the economic and agricultural reasons for the establishment of slavery in the Caribbean.

Describe the conditions experienced by slaves who were forced to travel the Middle Passage.

Describe the impact of slavery on Africa and the Americas.

## Colonization

Describe motivations for the English colonization of North America.

Identify the geographic features of the eastern United States.

Explain how geography affected the settlement of the thirteen colonies.

## The New England Colonies

Describe the founding and colonization of the Plymouth and Massachusetts Bay colonies

Explain how religion affected colonial society in New England.

Describe political and social challenges faced by early New England colonies.

Analyze the relationships between colonists and Indigenous peoples in New England

## The Southern Colonies

Describe the founding and settlement of each southern colony.

Describe the political, economic, and social characteristics of each southern colony.

Explain the role of indentured servitude and slavery in the economy of the southern colonies.

Analyze the relationships between colonists and American Indians.

**Unit Lesson****Objectives**

Reading Lesson, Chapter 2: American Experiments,  
1521–1700

**Life in the Colonies**

## The Middle Colonies

Identify the reasons for the founding and settlement of the middle colonies.

Explain the role of religion in the founding of Maryland and Pennsylvania, including the role of proprietorship.

Explain the effects of the transfer of Dutch colonies to Great Britain.

Describe the political, economic, and social characteristics of each of the middle colonies.

## Colonial Life

Compare the social characteristics of different American colonial regions.

Describe how democratic principles and self-government were established in the colonies.

Explain the British government's management of its colonial holdings, including the principle of salutary neglect.

Describe the colonists' early conflicts and relationships with Indigenous people.

## New Economies

Describe the economies of the southern, middle, and New England colonies.

Contrast the competing economic views between the British government and the colonists.

Explain the purpose and effects of British laws that restricted trade in the colonies.

## The Growth of Slavery

Explain the causes of the shift from indentured servitude to slavery in the colonies.

Describe the evolution of slave codes in the colonies.

Compare the nature of slavery in the southern, middle, and New England colonies.

Contrast the experiences of free blacks and enslaved people in the colonies.

**Unit Lesson**

**Objectives**

Reading Lesson, Chapter 3: The British Atlantic World, 1660–1750

**Conflict and Change**

Religious Revival

Explain how changing Puritan beliefs affected the colonists of New England.

Describe the role of Quakerism, Anglicanism, and religious tolerance in the middle and southern colonies.

Explain the effects of the Great Awakening on colonial society.

The Enlightenment

Describe the impact of the Glorious Revolution and the Bill of Rights on the colonies.

Identify the political principles supported by new thinkers in the Enlightenment.

Explain the contributions of Enlightenment thinkers to political ideas in the colonies.

The French and Indian War

Explain the significance of the Albany Plan of Union.

Identify and describe the causes of the French and Indian War.

List and describe the effects of the French and Indian War.

Reading Lesson, Chapter 4: Growth, Diversity, and Conflict, 1720–1763

AP Skills: Writing a Long Essay

**Unit Test**

Unit Test

Describe the social and economic goals of Spanish, French, Dutch, and British colonizers.

Explain the reasons for the development of slavery and the slave trade in the British colonies.

Compare and contrast the regional development of British colonies with regard to their

**Unit Lesson**

**Objectives**

economic development and political structure.

Compare and contrast the regional development of British colonies with regard to their social characteristics and settlement patterns.

Describe the effects of European colonization on American Indians.

Describe the causes and effects of the French and Indian War.

**Revolutionary Ideals**

Introduction to Unit 3

Sons of Liberty

Explain the provisions of the Stamp Act and identify and describe colonial responses to its passage.

Trace the events of the Boston Massacre, and describe its effects.

Identify and describe the provisions of the Intolerable Acts.

Sequence the events that led to fighting at Lexington and Concord.

The Revolution Begins

Describe the effects of the Siege of Boston and the Battle of Bunker Hill.

Identify the steps taken by the Second Continental Congress to organize the thirteen colonies into a new nation.

Explain the importance of Common Sense to the growth of revolutionary spirit in the colonies.

Given a passage from Common Sense, analyze Paine's arguments for independence.

The Declaration of Independence

Describe the connection between the Declaration of Independence and earlier documents that influenced it.

Analyze the reasons for colonists' grievances against British rule.

Explain the purpose of the Declaration of Independence and the process used to draft and ratify it.

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Reading Lesson, Chapter 5: The Problem of Empire, 1763–1776

**Revolution and Independence**

Fighting the Revolutionary War

Explain how the battles at Trenton and Saratoga inspired colonial resistance and rallied the Continental Army.

Describe the hardships faced by the Continental Army at the beginning of the Revolutionary War.

Analyze the importance of foreign involvement in the war and how French assistance led to victory at Yorktown.

A Weak Confederation

Describe the provisions of the Articles of Confederation.

Analyze the effects of the Land Ordinance of 1785 and the Northwest Ordinance of 1787 on settlement.

Explain the failure of the Articles to provide an organized financial system, a stable economy, and military protection for the colonies.

Creating a Constitution

Describe the obstacles the Constitution faced during the process of drafting.

Explain how the Constitution creates a government structure that separates powers and establishes checks and balances.

Describe the distribution of power between the people, the states, and the federal government.

Ratification and the Bill of Rights

Describe the points of view of the Federalists and anti-Federalists.

Identify the freedoms provided to all citizens in the Bill of Rights.

Explain the protections given to the accused and the imprisoned by the Bill of Rights.

**Unit Lesson****Objectives**

Reading Lesson, Chapter 6: Making War and Republican Governments, 1776–1789

**The New Nation**

## Latin American Revolutions

Describe the causes and effects of the Revolution in Haiti.

Explain how Latin American countries gained independence.

Explain how the challenges facing Latin American countries following their independence led to political instability.

## Washington's Presidency

Describe the challenges faced by the new nation during Washington's first term.

Explain Alexander Hamilton's plan to help the nation's finances.

Contrast Jefferson's opinions on the interpretation of the Constitution with the opinions of the Federalists.

## Political Parties

Contrast the points of view of Washington and Jefferson on the French Revolution.

Identify the beliefs of the early Federalist and Democratic-Republican Parties.

Describe the impact of the Whiskey Rebellion.

## Adams's Presidency

Explain how the growing conflict between the US and France threatened American neutrality.

Describe the provisions of the Alien and Sedition Acts.

Identify the purpose of the Virginia and Kentucky Resolutions and explain how they established the principle of nullification.

Explain how the election of 1800 was a turning point in American history.

## American Indians in the Revolutionary Era



**Unit Lesson**

**Objectives**

Reading Lesson, Chapter 7: Hammering Out a Federal Republic, 1787–1820 (Part I)

Essay Assignment

**Unit Test**

Unit Test

Describe factors that united the colonies against British rule in the years leading up to the American Revolution.

Identify the factors that led to the American victory in the revolution.

Describe the factors that influenced the development of American government systems in the early republic.

Explain the reasons for continued tensions between settlers and American Indian groups.

Describe the challenges faced by Washington and his administration in the new nation.

Explain how the concept of "Republican Motherhood" shaped the role of women in the new nation.

**Growth of the Republic**

Introduction to Unit 4

Expansion and Settlement

Identify reasons why the physical geography of the Old Northwest region made it attractive for colonization.

Explain the provisions of the Northwest Ordinance of 1787 and its impact on indigenous peoples.

Analyze the reasons for the acquisition of the Louisiana Territory.

Describe the accomplishments of the Lewis and Clark expedition.

Marshall's Court

Explain how Marbury v. Madison defined the powers of the Supreme Court.

**Unit Lesson**

**Objectives**

Describe how McCulloch v. Maryland defined the powers of Congress.

Analyze the effects of Gibbons v. Ogden on the role of the federal government in business matters.

Conflict with England and France

Describe the causes of the War of 1812.

Explain the effects of the War of 1812 on politics, foreign relations, and American Indian issues.

Describe the reasons for the establishment of the Monroe Doctrine.

Identify the United States' territorial gains in the early 1800s.

Reading Lesson, Chapter 7: Hammering Out a Federal Republic, 1787–1820 (Part II)

**Compromise and Reform**

Expanding Democracy

Identify the changes in democratic participation that occurred during the Jackson Era.

Explain how the "corrupt bargain" of 1824 led to the formation of a new political party.

Describe the factors that influenced the election of 1828.

The Missouri Compromise

Examine the debate over whether to admit new states into the Union as free or slave.

Describe the significance of the Missouri Compromise of 1820.

Reform Movements

Describe the characteristics of American society in the Jackson Era.

Explain the causes of the Second Great Awakening, and describe its effects on American culture.

Describe reformers' responses to social issues during the early 1800s.

**Unit Lesson****Objectives**

Women and Families in the New Republic

Reading Lesson, Chapter 8: Creating a Republican Culture, 1790–1820

**Industrialization and Immigration**

The Industrialized North

Examine the effects of rapid industrialization on the economy and society of the North.

Describe the impact of the transportation revolution on the US economy.

Analyze the impact of industrialization on factory workplaces and the populations of Northern cities.

Identify the reasons for the rise of nativism in response to immigration in cities.

Growing Infrastructure

Describe the improvements in infrastructure proposed in Henry Clay's American System.

Explain how transportation innovations and infrastructure improvements affected the United States.

Evaluate the effects of inventions or innovations of the era on life in America.

Early Immigration

Identify the causes for new waves of immigration seen in the 1830s and 1840s.

Compare and contrast immigrants of the early 1800s with those who arrived in earlier time periods.

Describe the effects of increased immigration on American society.

Explain the reasons for the discrimination faced by many immigrants in the early 1800s.

Reading Lesson, Chapter 9: Transforming the Economy, 1800–1860

**Expansion of Democracy**

The Nullification Crisis

**Unit Lesson**

**Objectives**

Examine the growing debate over states' rights and slavery in the early and mid-1800s.

Describe the events of the nullification crisis.

The National Bank

Describe the effects of the Jackson presidency.

Explain the impact of the spoils system on American politics.

Analyze Jackson's decision to veto the national bank.

Indian Removal Act

Examine the shift in the federal government's policy from assimilation to the forced removal of Indigenous people.

Analyze the impact of the Indian Removal Act of 1830.

Describe the reactions and responses of Indigenous people to the removal policy.

Identify the effects of removal on Indigenous people.

Reading Lesson, Chapter 10: A Democratic Revolution, 1800–1844

**American Society in the Antebellum Era**

American Art and Literature

Identify the relationship between the natural environment and early American art and literature.

Describe the romanticism movement, and identify important authors and works associated with it.

Examine the influence of transcendentalism on American art and culture.

Rise of Abolitionism

Examine the role of the Second Great Awakening in promoting the abolitionist cause.

Analyze the role of print media in spreading antislavery sentiment.

Identify the contributions of early abolitionist leaders.

**Unit Lesson**

**Objectives**

Rights for Women

Describe the role of women in America in the 1800s.

Identify the legal restrictions faced by women in the early 1800s.

Explain the significance of the Seneca Falls Convention.

Describe the provisions of the Seneca Falls Declaration of Sentiments.

Reading Lesson, Chapter 11: Religion and Reform, 1800–1860

**Slavery and the South**

The Economic Impact of Slavery

Compare and contrast the economic systems in the North and the South.

Examine the impact of technological innovations on the expansion of slavery.

Identify ways in which enslaved and free Black Americans pushed for an end to slavery.

Slavery in American Culture

Examine the living and working conditions experienced by enslaved workers in the South.

Describe the ways enslaved African Americans maintained their culture and traditions.

Analyze the role of Uncle Tom's Cabin in bringing awareness to the condition of the enslaved.

Reading Lesson, Chapter 12: The South Expands: Slavery and Society, 1800–1860

Essay Assignment

**Unit Test**

Unit Test

Describe the regional economic, political, and social effects of new innovations in technology, agriculture, transportation, and commerce.

Explain the causes and effects of US expansion in the early 1800s.

**Unit Lesson**

**Objectives**

Describe the causes and effects of reform movements in the early 1800s.

Describe how leaders in government attempted to meet challenges resulting from federalism, growing sectionalism, and the protection of foreign interests.

Explain the impact and limitations of the expansion of mass democracy.

**The Rising Tide of Sectionalism**

Introduction to Unit 5

New Territories

Examine the influence of Manifest Destiny on westward expansion.

Identify US territorial acquisitions prior to 1848.

Describe the role of diplomacy in the acquisition of new territories.

Texas and the Union

Describe the settlement of Texas by American colonists.

Analyze the factors that led to the Texas Revolution.

Examine the establishment of the Republic of Texas.

Describe the reasons for the annexation of Texas by the United States.

The Mexican-American War

Describe the reasons for the Mexican-American War.

Identify the significant events of the Mexican-American War and the effects of the conflict.

Explain the importance of the territories acquired by the US from Mexico as a result of the Mexican-American War.

Temporary Compromise

Analyze the debate over slavery as it pertained to the acquisition of new territories west of the Mississippi.

Explain the events surrounding the California Gold Rush, and analyze its effect on westward

**Unit Lesson****Objectives**

expansion.

Describe the significance of the Compromise of 1850 and the Fugitive Slave Act.

The Kansas-Nebraska Act

Analyze the debate that surrounded the admission of Kansas and Nebraska as states to the Union.

Describe the reactions to the passage of the Kansas-Nebraska Act.

Examine the growth of active resistance in opposition to slavery.

Dred Scott and the Slavery Debate

Describe events and details surrounding the Dred Scott case.

Explain the reasons for the Supreme Court's ruling in the case.

Analyze the impact of the case on the Missouri Compromise and the future of slavery in the US.

Lincoln

Examine the establishment of the Republican Party and outline its political views.

Describe the emergence of Abraham Lincoln as a leader of the Republican Party.

Compare and contrast the viewpoints held by Lincoln and Douglas with regard to slavery and its expansion in the territories.

Reading Lesson, Chapter 13: Expansion, War, and Sectional Crisis, 1844–1860

**The Civil War**

The Civil War Begins

Describe the political climate surrounding the election of 1860 and the South's reaction to its outcome.

Explain the reasons for the creation of the Confederate States of America.

Contrast the ideas presented in the inaugural addresses of Abraham Lincoln and Jefferson

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Davis.

Analyze the significance of the Battle of Fort Sumter.

The Emancipation Proclamation

Describe the battles that resulted in early success for the South.

Analyze the reasons for and effects of the Emancipation Proclamation

Describe the contributions of African Americans during the Civil War.

The Civil War at Home

Compare the strengths and weaknesses of the Union and the Confederacy as both sides mobilized for war.

Identify the role of women on the front lines and on the home front.

Compare the challenges facing both sides on the home front as the war went on.

Turning Points

Identify the reasons for the Union's success in the West.

Explain the significance of the capture of Vicksburg and New Orleans.

Examine why the Union victory at Gettysburg was a turning point in the war.

End of the War

Analyze the impact of Grant's strategy of total war on the Confederacy's resources.

Describe the reasons for Lee's surrender at Appomattox.

Describe the overall impact of the war on the United States.

Explain the postwar problems facing the North and the South.

Reading Lesson, Chapter 14: Two Societies at War,  
1861–1865

**Reconstruction**



**Unit Lesson**

**Objectives**

Presidential and Radical Reconstruction

Describe the presidential plans for Reconstruction

Examine the response by Congress to presidential plans for Reconstruction.

Compare and contrast the presidential and congressional plans for Reconstruction, and analyze their effects.

Impact of Reconstruction

Describe the progress made by African Americans during Reconstruction.

Analyze the reasons for the resurgence of Democratic Party leadership in the South.

Describe the disputed presidential election of 1876 and its effect on the end of Reconstruction.

Failures of Reconstruction

Examine the reasons for the development of sharecropping and tenant farming in the South during Reconstruction.

Investigate the origins of legal segregation, including the passage of Jim Crow laws.

Describe the growing violence against African Americans as a result of Reconstruction.

Summarize the failures of Reconstruction.

Reading Lesson, Chapter 15: Reconstruction, 1865–1877

AP Skills: Writing the Document-Based Essay

**Unit Test**

Unit Test

Describe the causes and effects of US expansion in the period between 1844 and 1860.

Explain the causes of growing sectionalism in the United States.

Describe the reasons compromise on the issue of slavery ultimately failed.

Explain how and why the Union army was able to defeat the Confederacy in the Civil War.

**Unit Lesson**

**Objectives**

Describe the successes and limitations of Reconstruction.

**Cumulative Exam**

Cumulative Exam

**The West**

Introduction to Unit 6

Homesteaders and the Transcontinental Railroad

Describe the challenges faced during construction of the transcontinental railroad.

Explain at least three effects of railroad construction on the western United States.

Describe the passage of the Homestead Act and analyze its effects on the settlement of the west.

American Indians on a Closing Frontier

Explain how the expansion in the West and the construction of the railroad affected American Indian populations in the region.

Describe at least two changes to federal American Indian policies that occurred as a result of increased western settlement.

Identify two battles fought between American Indians and the US Army and explain the results of those conflicts.

Reading Lesson, Chapter 16: Conquering a Continent, 1854–1890

**Industrialization and its Effects**

A New Revolution

Describe the reasons the US became more industrialized after the Civil War.

Identify the effects of the growth of America's railroads on business and settlement.

Explain the demographic changes that resulted from industrialization.

New American Industries

## Unit Lesson

## Objectives

Identify examples of advancements and inventions that increased the safety, reliability, and effectiveness of railroads.

Explain how the expansion of rail networks led to the growth of other industries, such as steel, coal, and meatpacking.

## Trusts and Big Business

Explain Carnegie's vertical integration practices.

Describe Rockefeller's horizontal integration practices.

Explain how monopolies and trusts reduced competition in the Gilded Age.

## Technology and Society in the Industrial Age

Describe the influence of Thomas Edison's inventions on culture and society.

Describe the advancements made in communications and transportation during the Industrial Age.

Analyze how new inventions changed life during the Industrial Age.

## A Worker's Life

Generalize the working conditions typically found in American factories during the Industrial Era.

Explain the effect of industrialization with respect to women, children, and families.

Explain the principles of mass production.

Describe the excesses of the Gilded Age and the growing economic divide between the wealthy industrialists and the average American worker.

## Labor and Unrest

Identify goals of labor unions during the 1800s.

Identify examples of company and government tactics that slowed unions' growth and stopped unions' effectiveness.

Describe the events of the 1894 Pullman Strike, and explain its effects on the labor movement.

**Unit Lesson****Objectives**

## Socialism and Workers' Parties

Compare and contrast the beliefs of Marxism/Socialism and American democracy/capitalism.

Identify Eugene Debs, including his beliefs and his role in American politics.

Explain why Marxism/Socialism failed to win widespread support in the United States.

## New Immigration

Explain what push and pull factors are and how they affect migration.

Describe the immigration experience, including the challenges immigrants faced after arrival.

Compare and contrast the “new” immigrants of the 1880s with the “old” immigrants who had dominated migration prior to that time.

Reading Lesson, Chapter 17: Industrial America:  
Corporations and Conflicts, 1877–1911

**American Society at the Turn of the Century**

## Philanthropy and the Gospel of Wealth

Identify the influence of Carnegie’s gospel of wealth on philanthropy in America.

Compare and contrast the competing views of the social gospel and social Darwinism.

Describe the influence of the social gospel and social Darwinism on reform movements.

## Society in the Victorian Age

Describe the culture of the Victorian Age by explaining the roles of social class and women in society.

Explain how technology changed women's employment in the Industrial Era.

Explain the reasons for the rising power and influence of the middle class.

Identify significant cultural and leisure pursuits of the Victorian Age.

## Civil Rights at the Turn of the Century

Analyze the impact of Jim Crow laws on African Americans.

**Unit Lesson****Objectives**

Describe the decision made by the Supreme Court in Plessy v. Ferguson, and explain the ruling's impact on segregation in the South.

Identify Booker T. Washington and W. E. B. Du Bois, and compare and contrast their positions with regard to civil rights.

## Women's Rights and Suffrage

Explain the role of women reformers in the early 1800s.

Identify and describe influential people and events in the women's suffrage movement from the early 1800s to the passage of the 19th amendment.

Examine the methods used by suffragists to win voting rights for women.

Explain the goals of women progressives to improve women's position in society, including those of Margaret Sanger.

Reading Lesson, Chapter 18: The Victorians Make the Modern, 1880–1917

**Urbanization and Reform in the Industrial Era**

## The Immigrant Experience

Describe the cultural and economic challenges facing new immigrants.

Explain the relationship between immigrants and the cities in which they settled.

Analyze the reasons for the rise of nativism in response to immigration.

Identify the provisions of the Chinese Exclusion Act and the reasons for wide-spread resistance to Chinese immigration.

## Urbanization in America

Explain why urbanization occurred in the US during the industrial era.

Describe the problems of poverty and overcrowding that were faced by cities in the industrial era.

Explain the differences in the standard of living between classes in urban societies, and the problems created by these differences.

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Urban and Social Reforms

Explain the goals of the temperance movement and the Women’s Christian Temperance Union.

Explain the principles behind the social gospel movement.

Analyze the reasons for the popularity of acculturation and Americanization programs.

Describe the roles of Jane Addams, Jacob Riis, and Lincoln Steffens during the reform movements of the late 1800s and early 1900s.

Political Machines

Explain how political machines controlled government.

Describe the spoils system.

Analyze the connection between the assassination of James Garfield and the rise of civil service reform.

Reforming Government

Describe the reforms proposed by Robert LaFollette.

Explain the development of initiatives, referendums, and recalls as methods to increase citizen involvement.

Identify the constitutional changes created by the 17th Amendment.

Describe the new forms of city government introduced during the Progressive Era.

Early Progressivism

Explain the social and economic conditions that encouraged the growth of the progressive movement.

List and describe goals shared by progressives.

Describe the achievements of the progressive movement.

Explain the decisions made by the Supreme Court that assisted or limited progressive reform.

The Muckrakers

**Unit Lesson**

**Objectives**

Define the term "muckraker," and explain the contributions of individual muckrakers to the progressive movement.

Describe Upton Sinclair's goals when writing *The Jungle*, and evaluate the novel's effect on the era of progressive reform.

Reading Lesson, Chapter 19: Civilization's Inferno: The Rise and Reform of Industrial Cities, 1880–1917

Essay Assignment

**Unit Test**

Unit Test

Explain the benefits and challenges of the second industrial revolution.

Describe the causes and effects of westward migration in the post-Civil War era.

Explain the causes and effects of increased immigration to the United States during the industrial era.

Describe the social characteristics of the Victorian era.

Explain how urbanization and industrialization led to the growth of reform movements.

**Populism and Progressivism**

Introduction to Unit 7

Farmers on a Closing Frontier

Describe the economic challenges facing America's farmers in the late 1800s.

Explain how farmers used collectives, such as the Grange, to cut costs and advocate for change

Evaluate the effectiveness of the Farmers' Alliances in addressing farmers' issues and creating political change.

The Populist Party

Describe the factors leading to the rise of Populism in the West, and explain the effects of the movement in America.

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Describe reforms or changes desired by members of the Populist Party.

Identify William Jennings Bryan, and explain his impact on American politics.

Reforming Business

Describe the provisions of the Sherman Antitrust Act and the Interstate Commerce Act.

Explain why early efforts to regulate business in the United States were largely unsuccessful.

Roosevelt's Square Deal

Identify Theodore Roosevelt and describe his achievements.

Explain the goals of Theodore Roosevelt's Square Deal.

Describe the effects of the Square Deal on labor, corporations, and consumers.

Explain how the Roosevelt administration increased efforts to conserve and protect the environment.

Taft's Reforms

Explain how progressive ideals split Republicans into separate factions.

Identify William Howard Taft, and describe the progressive and conservative policies he advocated as president.

Describe the factors leading to the formation of the Progressive Party, and explain the party's goals.

Analyze the factors that allowed Woodrow Wilson to win the election of 1912.

Wilson's New Freedom

Explain the provisions of Wilson's New Freedom, and identify his positions on banks, trusts, and tariffs.

Identify and describe progressive reforms supported by Wilson during his presidency.

Describe steps taken by the federal government to reform its monetary policies in the Progressive Era.

Explain the impact of WWI on the progressive movement, and evaluate the successes and



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limits of progressive reform.

Reading Lesson, Chapter 20: Whose Government?  
Politics, Populists, and Progressives, 1880–1917

**America Becomes a World Power**

Expanding Borders

Explain the arguments for and against American imperialism.

Evaluate the goals of Roosevelt’s “Big Stick” foreign policy.

Describe two challenges facing the United States with regard to the construction of the Panama Canal.

The Spanish-American War

List and describe at least two factors which led to the US decision to declare war on Spain.

Explain the principles of "yellow journalism," and evaluate its impact on US entry into the war.

Locate territories won by the United States following the Treaty of Paris (1898) on a world map.

Explain how the Spanish-American War increased American influence around the world.

Neutrality and the War in Europe

Explain the long-term reasons for the alliances that formed in Europe prior to World War I.

Identify the short-term crises that led to World War I.

Analyze the reasons for American isolationism and neutrality at the beginning of the war.

America in the Great War

Identify and describe at least two factors that led to the United States' entry into World War I.

Describe how technology influenced warfare and resulted in a stalemate on the war's fronts.

Explain the war's impact on the home front, civil rights, and minorities.

Wilson and the War

**Unit Lesson**

**Objectives**

Describe how Wilson’s idealism embodied his Fourteen Points.

Identify the conflicting points of view that influenced the peace process.

Describe the provisions of the Treaty of Versailles.

Analyze the reasons why the US Senate rejected the Treaty of Versailles and proposals to join the League of Nations.

Reading Lesson, Chapter 21: An Emerging World Power, 1890–1918

**Prosperity to Depression**

Freedom of Speech and the War

Explain how the Espionage and Sedition Acts were used to censor free speech and to detain American citizens.

Evaluate the reasons for the development of anti-immigrant, anti-socialist, and anti-anarchist sentiments after World War I.

Describe the effects of the Palmer Raids.

Prohibition

Explain the reasons for the passage of the Eighteenth Amendment and the Volstead Act.

Identify the effects of Prohibition on American society.

Describe the effects of the Scopes Trial on American culture and education.

Society in the 1920s

Explain the influence of Jazz Age culture.

Describe the growing importance of mass media and the entertainment industry, and identify examples of prominent actors, athletes, or musicians of the era.

Explain how the works of prominent authors of the 1920s reflected changing American culture.

Analyze the changing role of women in American society.

The Great Migration

**Unit Lesson**

**Objectives**

Identify the causes of the Great Migration and its effects on Northern cities.

Explain the importance of the Harlem Renaissance to American music.

Analyze the contributions of African American authors to the Harlem Renaissance.

A Roaring Economy

Explain the effects of new economic policies during the Harding and Coolidge presidencies.

Describe the impact of the Teapot Dome Scandal on the Harding presidency and on American opinion.

Analyze the importance of consumerism in the economic growth of the 1920s.

Explain the effects of the extension of credit and debt on the growth of the economy.

Boom and Bust

Understand the problem of overproduction and its role in slowing American economic growth.

Examine the effects of speculation and the extension of credit on the American economy.

Identify the economic factors that contributed to the stock market crash of 1929.

Reading Lesson, Chapter 22: Cultural Conflict, Bubble, and Bust, 1919–1932

**The Great Depression**

American Life in the Great Depression

Identify at least two causes of the Dust Bowl and explain why it led to widespread migration.

Describe at least three effects of the Great Depression on American society.

Examine President Hoover’s response to the Great Depression.

Roosevelt’s Hundred Days

Examine the candidacy of Franklin Roosevelt and describe the contents of his campaign platform.

Describe the legislation and programs instituted by President Roosevelt during his first

**Unit Lesson**

**Objectives**

Hundred Days in office.

Analyze the changing role of government caused by Roosevelt’s New Deal reforms.

The Second New Deal

Identify the role of New Deal legislation in reforming American labor practices.

Examine the accomplishments of the WPA in promoting art and building public infrastructure.

Describe the reasons for the creation and passage of the Social Security Act.

Opposition to the New Deal

Explain the reasons for conservative leaders’ opposition to the New Deal.

Identify proposals made by liberal leaders that built on and expanded the New Deal.

Analyze the effects of the Supreme Court’s decision to declare several New Deal programs unconstitutional.

Reading Lesson, Chapter 23: Managing the Great Depression, Forging the New Deal, 1929–1939

**America and the Second World War**

Fascism and Aggression

Explain the challenges facing Germany following World War I, and evaluate the effects of Hitler’s rise to power.

Describe individual liberties under fascism, and explain the differences between democratic and totalitarian forms of government.

Describe acts of aggression committed by Germany and Japan during the 1930s.

Analyze the reaction in Europe and the US toward Hitler’s actions.

America’s Entry into the War

Trace the early course of the war from the invasion of Poland through the end of 1941.

Analyze how the US moved from isolationism to active involvement as the war progressed.

Unit Lesson

Objectives

Describe the events surrounding the bombing of Pearl Harbor and Americans' reactions to the attack.

America and the War at Home

Explain how the US government, private industries, and the American public worked together to arm and equip American and Allied forces.

Identify new technologies or advancements that were introduced as a result of the war.

Describe how war production helped end the Great Depression.

Explain how American war production gave the Allies an advantage over the Axis Powers.

Internment and the Constitution

Explain the effects of Executive Order 9066 and internment on Japanese Americans and other minority groups during the war.

Describe the provisions of *Korematsu v. US* and explain why the Supreme Court upheld the legality of Japanese internment.

Identify the achievements of all-minority military units, including the Tuskegee Airmen, the Navajo Code Talkers, and Nisei regiments.

The War in Europe

Identify the members of the Axis Powers and the Allied forces.

Analyze the challenges of fighting a two-front war, and explain why the Allies decided to pursue a "Europe-first" strategy.

Describe the turning points in the European theater, including Stalingrad, the Normandy Invasion, and the Battle of the Bulge.

Turning Points in the Pacific

Describe the Allied "island-hopping" strategy in the Pacific, and identify significant battle locations.

Evaluate why the Battle of Midway was a turning point in the Pacific.

Describe Japanese resistance to American attacks as the war progressed and how this

**Unit Lesson**

**Objectives**

affected the American decision to use the atomic bomb.

Explain the contributions of Americans in the Pacific theater, including those of Douglas MacArthur and Chester Nimitz.

War Crimes and the Holocaust

Trace the development of Nazi anti-Semitic policies.

Describe the effects of the Holocaust, and identify the diverse groups of people targeted by Nazi Germany.

Analyze the global community's response to the Holocaust.

End of the War in the Pacific

Describe the major events of the Manhattan Project and explain how it led to the development of the first nuclear weapon.

Evaluate the Truman administration's decision to drop atomic weapons in Japan by describing arguments for and against the decision.

Explain postwar measures instituted in Japan following the end of the war.

Reading Lesson, Chapter 24: The World at War, 1937–1945

Essay Assignment

**Unit Test**

Unit Test

Describe the causes and effects of the Progressive movement.

Describe the causes and consequences of the United States' emergence as a world power.

Describe the political, economic, and social effects of US participation in global conflicts.

Describe the economic and social characteristics of the United States from the Progressive Era through the 1920s.

Explain the causes and effects of the Great Depression in the United States.

Unit Lesson

Objectives

Describe the provisions and effects of the New Deal.

The Cold War

Introduction to Unit 8

End of the War in Europe

Trace the events leading to the end of the war in Europe.

Recall and describe decisions reached by the Allies at the Yalta and Potsdam conferences, and explain challenges to those decisions.

Explain the effects of World War II, such as the consequences of warfare, the establishment of the United Nations, and the creation of new political states.

Given a postwar map of Europe, label significant changes that occurred.

The Cold War

Explain how decisions made at the end of the war, and the post-war goals of the United States and USSR, contributed to the Cold War.

Identify and describe actions taken by the United States to contain communism in Europe.

Describe the origins of the United Nations.

The Korean War

Explain how the expansion of communism in Asia led to the Korean War.

Describe the course of the Korean War and the reasons for the war's outcome.

Analyze the effects of the Korean War on the geography and politics of East Asia.

McCarthyism

Describe how Cold War fears led to increased suspicion of communist infiltration and spying in American society, and explain how these fears impacted views on civil liberties.

Identify actions taken by the Truman administration to combat disloyalty in the federal government.

Explain how the House Un-American Activities Committee (HUAC) impacted the American

**Unit Lesson**

**Objectives**

entertainment industry.

Analyze the impact of McCarthyism on American society.

Brinkmanship in the Cold War

Identify and describe at least two effects of the arms race between the United States and the USSR.

Identify and explain at least two effects of the Sputnik launch in the United States.

Describe how the policy of containment led to increased American involvement in Vietnam.

Kennedy and the Cold War

Explain how the Cold War influenced Kennedy’s foreign policy.

Examine the effects of Kennedy’s commitment to space programs during the space race.

Describe Kennedy’s domestic policy with respect to education, civil rights, social issues, the economy, and the environment.

Identify the impact of Kennedy’s assassination on the nation.

Reading Lesson, Chapter 25: Cold War America, 1945–1963

**Post-War America**

The Baby Boom

Explain how a growing postwar economy led to a “baby boom.”

Describe the connections between car culture, new migration, and the growth of suburbs in American cities.

Analyze the societal changes that occurred during the 1950s, including the influence of new technologies.

Reading Lesson, Chapter 26: Triumph of the Middle Class, 1945–1963

**Marching for Civil Rights**



**Unit Lesson**

**Objectives**

The Civil Rights Movement Begins

Explain the impact of the desegregation of baseball on American society.

Discuss the role of the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People, the NAACP, in pursuing legal strategies to end segregation.

Explain the factors that led to the Brown v. Board of Education decision.

Describe the provisions of Brown v. Board of Education and its immediate effect on schools.

Organizing to Demand Rights

Examine the importance of the Montgomery Bus Boycott in creating support for nonviolent resistance.

Analyze how civil rights advocacy groups used nonviolent resistance techniques to achieve their goals.

Identify the role of the Nation of Islam and Malcolm X in the civil rights movement.

Nonviolent Protest

Describe the impact of the violent resistance faced by protestors in Birmingham.

Examine the resistance to federal desegregation and integration of universities in the South.

Explain the challenges faced by voter registration campaigns in the southern United States.

Civil Rights and Voting Rights

Examine the role of the March on Washington in promoting and securing civil rights for African Americans.

Analyze the effects of the 1964 Civil Rights Act.

Describe the importance of the Selma voting rights marches.

Examine the impact of the Voting Rights Act of 1965.

Other Perspectives on Civil Rights

Explain the shift in focus within the civil rights movement in the late 1960s.

**Unit Lesson**

**Objectives**

Analyze the impact of violent race riots on US society.

Describe the emergence of Cesar Chavez as a leader for farmworkers' rights and the Chicano movement.

Summarize the efforts made by other minority groups to achieve civil rights.

Reading Lesson, Chapter 27: Walking into Freedom Land: The Civil Rights Movement, 1941–1973

**Conflict and Crisis**

Johnson's Great Society

Describe the steps taken by Johnson to help the country transition after the Kennedy assassination.

Identify the main components of Johnson's Great Society plan for America.

Evaluate the successes and controversies created by Great Society programs.

The Warren Court

Identify the role of the Supreme Court in American law.

Analyze the impact of the Warren Court's decisions on First Amendment rights.

Describe the positions taken by the Warren Court in regard to the right to privacy.

Explain how the Warren Court clarified the rights of the accused.

Women's Rights Movement

Describe the reasons for a growing women's rights movement in the 1960s and 1970s.

Examine the history and impact of the National Organization for Women.

Analyze the impact of Roe v. Wade on American society.

The Vietnam War

Examine the reasons for increased US military involvement in Vietnam.

Analyze the challenges facing American soldiers fighting the war in Vietnam.

**Unit Lesson**

**Objectives**

Describe the impact of the counterculture and the division in American society over support for the war.

End of the War in Vietnam

Examine the idea that 1968 was a turning point in American history.

Analyze the decision to pull US troops out of Vietnam.

Summarize the effects of the Vietnam War on American society.

Reading Lesson, Chapter 28: Uncivil Wars: Liberal Crisis and Conservative Rebirth, 1961–1972

**The 1970s**

Nixon and Watergate

Evaluate Nixon’s foreign and domestic policies.

Analyze the constitutional issues that arose from the Watergate scandal.

Describe the presidency of Gerald Ford.

The Carter Presidency

Analyze the causes of, and Carter’s response to, the economic crisis of the late 1970s.

Analyze the foreign policy of the Carter administration.

Explain the causes and effects of the Iran Hostage Crisis.

Reading Lesson, Chapter 29: The Search for Order in an Era of Limits, 1973–1980

Essay Assignment

**Unit Test**

Unit Test

Describe the causes and effects of the Cold War.

Describe the economic and social characteristics of the 1950s.

Unit Lesson

Objectives

Describe the successes and limitations of the civil rights movement.

Explain how the challenges of the 1960s led to demands for change, which divided the nation.

Describe how leaders attempted to address the economic, political, and environmental challenges of the 1970s.

**The Reagan Revolution**

Introduction to Unit 9

The Reagan Revolution

Describe the political climate surrounding the election of 1980.

Examine Reagan's economic policy and its effect on the US economy.

Examine Reagan's anti-communist foreign policy and the role of the United States in foreign affairs.

Describe US involvement in the Middle East

The End of the Cold War

Examine the role of the Bush administration and Gorbachev's reforms in the collapse of the Soviet Union.

Describe the significance of the fall of the Berlin Wall.

Explain the ongoing role of communism in China and Cuba.

Bush and Clinton

Analyze the effects of economic issues, including taxes and the savings and loan scandal, on Bush's presidency.

Examine Bush's foreign policy with respect to Latin America and the Middle East.

Identify significant economic issues and policies during the Clinton administration.

Assess Bill Clinton's foreign policy as it relates to Africa, the Caribbean, the Middle East, Eastern Europe, and Latin America.

Partisan Conflict in Government

**Unit Lesson**

**Objectives**

Identify the importance of the 1994 midterm election on the Clinton presidency.

Analyze the impact of the debates over domestic policies on the relationship between President Clinton and Congress.

Describe the reasons for Clinton's impeachment and the failure of his impeachment charges.

Reading Lesson, Chapter 30: Conservative America in the Ascent, 1980–1991

**Modern Challenges**

America in the Bush Years

Summarize the events and the controversy surrounding the 2000 presidential election.

Evaluate the impact of the Bush administration's domestic policy with respect to education, the economy, and immigration.

Describe the Bush administration's response to domestic crises, such as Hurricane Katrina and the recession of 2008.

September 11, 2001

Summarize the events of 9/11.

Analyze the effects of the attacks on American society and the economy.

Describe the impact of 9/11 on American government and policy.

Military Intervention in the Middle East

Describe US involvement in Afghanistan and the expansion of the War on Terror.

Analyze the effects of the United States' decision to go to war with Iraq.

The Obama Presidency

Discuss the historical significance of the 2008 presidential election.

Examine the domestic policies of the Obama administration, and explain the effects of the recession on his presidency.

Analyze the foreign policy challenges of the Obama presidency.

**Unit Lesson****Objectives**

## Immigration and Demographic Change

Identify the effects of the aging baby boom generation.

Analyze the effects of continuing immigration to the United States from the 1960s to today.

Describe major migration trends within the United States.

Analyze the effects of demographic change on American society.

## America and the Global Economy

Describe the key features of the global economy.

Identify the major global economic institutions that influence trade and monitor the world economy.

Analyze the relationship between the United States economy and the global economy through a study of the financial crisis of 2008.

## Technology and its Effects on Modern America

Describe the influence of the development of computers and the Internet on the United States.

Explain how new technology has affected various sectors of the American economy and the American way of life.

## Reading Lesson, Chapter 31: Confronting Global and National Dilemmas, 1989 to the Present

## Mini-Lesson: Research Project

**Unit Test**

## Unit Test

Explain the causes and effects of the conservative revolution of the 1980s.

Describe the reasons the Cold War came to an end, and its effect on US foreign policy.

Explain the effects of the growth of terrorism on US foreign and domestic policy.

Describe the economic and social effects of technological innovation and globalization.

**Unit Lesson**

**Objectives**

Describe demographic changes that have occurred in the United States since 1960 and their effects on American society.

**Cumulative Exam**

Cumulative Exam

**Course Review**

The AP US History Exam

Period 1 Review

Period 2 Review

Period 3 Review

Period 4 Review

Period 5 Review

Period 6 Review

Period 7 Review

Period 8 Review

Period 9 Review

**AP Practice Exams**

AP Practice Exam I

Explain how the exchange of ideas, goods, diseases, and people affected American, African, and European societies.

Compare and contrast the regional development of British colonies with regard to their social characteristics and settlement patterns.

Describe factors that united the colonies against British rule in the years leading up to the American Revolution.

Describe the challenges faced by Washington and his administration in the new nation.

Unit Lesson

Objectives

Describe the regional economic, political, and social effects of new innovations in technology, agriculture, transportation, and commerce.

Explain the causes and effects of US expansion in the early 1800s.

Describe how leaders in government attempted to meet challenges resulting from federalism, growing sectionalism, and protecting foreign interests.

Describe the causes and effects of US expansion in the period between 1844 and 1860.

Explain the causes of growing sectionalism in the United States.

Describe the successes and limitations of Reconstruction.

Explain the benefits and challenges of the second industrial revolution.

Describe the causes and effects of westward migration in the post-Civil War era.

Explain how urbanization and industrialization led to the growth of reform movements.

Describe the causes and effects of the Progressive Movement.

Describe the political, economic, and social effects of US participation in global conflicts.

Explain the causes and effects of the Great Depression in the United States.

Describe the provisions and effects of the New Deal.

Describe the economic and social characteristics of the 1950s.

Explain how the challenges of the 1960s led to demands for change, which divided the nation.

Explain the causes and effects of the Conservative Revolution of the 1980s.

Compare and contrast the regional development of British colonies with regard to their economic development and political structure.

AP Practice Exam II

Explain how the exchange of ideas, goods, diseases, and people affected American, African, and European societies.

Describe the effects of European colonization on American Indian societies.



Unit Lesson

Objectives

Compare and contrast the regional development of British colonies with regard to their economic development and political structure.

Describe the causes and effects of the French and Indian War.

Describe the factors that influenced the development of American government systems in the early republic.

Describe the challenges faced by Washington and his administration in the new nation.

Describe the regional economic, political, and social effects of new innovations in technology, agriculture, transportation, and commerce.

Describe the causes and effects of reform movements in the early 1800s.

Explain the impact and limitations of the expansion of mass democracy.

Explain the causes of growing sectionalism in the United States.

Describe the reasons compromise on the issue of slavery ultimately failed.

Describe the successes and limitations of Reconstruction.

Explain the causes and effects of increased immigration to the United States during the Industrial Era.

Describe the social characteristics of the Victorian era.

Describe the political, economic, and social effects of US participation in global conflicts.

Explain the causes and effects of the Great Depression in the United States.

Describe the provisions and effects of the New Deal.

Describe the causes and effects of the Cold War.

Describe the successes and limitations of the civil rights movement.

Describe how leaders attempted to address the economic, political, and environmental challenges of the 1970s.

Explain the effects of the growth of terrorism on US foreign and domestic policy.