

AP® Statistics is a yearlong, college-level course designed to prepare students for the Advanced Placement (AP) Statistics exam. Major topics of study include exploring one- and two-variable data, sampling, experimentation, probability, sampling distributions, and statistical inference. These topics are organized into three big ideas: variation and distribution, patterns and uncertainty, data-based predictions, decisions, and conclusions. This course is aligned to the new College Board AP® Statistics course description that was introduced in 2019.

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## **Classroom Requirements**

This course requires the teacher to grade open-ended student responses, which will involve a fair degree of mathematics knowledge. The teacher is also expected to interact with students regularly (either face to face or via chat and email) and to set up and moderate online discussions in the Collaboration Corner. In addition, the teacher should provide instruction and coaching in calculator use as needed.

## **Course Materials**

## Textbook

Starnes, Daren S., Tabor, Josh. *The Updated Practice of Statistics*, 6th ed., New York: W.H. Freeman & Co., 2020.

## Calculator

On-screen teachers will use an online graphing calculator tool for demonstration purposes. Students must have access to an AP-approved calculator both in the classroom and at home. Many assignments, projects, and practice exam questions will require the use of an AP-approved calculator.

Classroom teachers are expected to demonstrate the use of graphing calculators to their students as needed.

# Approach

Throughout the course, students will use their graphing calculators to construct graphical displays and perform calculations. Although performing correct and appropriate calculations is required, a heavy emphasis is placed on the interpretation of all calculations. Students are expected to clearly and completely communicate their methods and conclusions. It is also essential that responses always be provided in the context of the problem. They will use the Collaboration Corner course feature to facilitate additional class discussions.

Students are required to choose appropriate statistical procedures for a wide variety of scenarios. They will be expected to justify their choice of procedure based on whether the conditions for that procedure are met. Statistical terminology is precise and specific, so statistical terminology must always be used in the formal sense.

Students are also expected to check the reasonableness of their solutions based on graphical displays

and probability rules, when appropriate.

Every unit test mirrors the format of the AP exam. In each unit, students will answer multiple-choice questions and complete two free-response questions. Some of these questions will require a calculator and some will not, but students are welcome to use a calculator on all problems. Students will also complete two full-length practice exams at the end of the course.

## **Course Outline**

## Unit 1 – Data Analysis

### **Topics for Overview**

- Introduction to AP Statistics
- Introduction to Statistics
- Categorical Data Displays
- Relative Frequencies
- Comparing Two Categorical Variables
- Describing and Comparing Data with Dotplots and Stemplots
- Describing and Comparing Data with Histograms
- Measures of Center and Location
- Measures of Variability
- Boxplots and Outliers

### **Textbook Reading**

• Starnes & Tabor, 2020 (selections from chapter 1)

## **Examples of Key Activities**

• Students will learn how to describe data graphically and numerically. They will display and describe both categorical and quantitative data. They will calculate summary statistics both by hand and by using technology. Desmos is used extensively throughout the course to ease the complication of the calculations, enabling students to focus on application and interpretation.

## **Unit 2 – The Normal Distribution**

#### **Topics for Overview**

- Describing Location within a Distribution
- Calculating and Interpreting z-scores
- Effect of Linear Transformations
- Uniform Density Curves
- Normal Distribution
- Finding Areas within a Normal Distribution
- Finding Values for Probabilities
- Assessing Normality

### Textbook Reading

• Starnes & Tabor, 2020 (selections from chapter 2)

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• Students will learn how to model distributions that are unimodal, bell-shaped, and symmetric with a Normal distribution. They will learn how to calculate the proportion of observations that fall in specific intervals within the Normal distribution. They will also learn how to determine the values associated with various percentiles within the Normal distribution.

## Unit 3 – Simple Linear Regression

### **Topics for Overview**

- The Relationship between Two Quantitative Variables
- Correlation
- Making Predictions from a Least-Squares Regression Line
- Calculating the Least-Squares Regression Line
- Residuals
- R-squared and s
- Calculating a Least-Squares Regression Line from Summary Statistics
- Transforming to Achieve Linearity
- Choosing the Best Model

### **Textbook Reading**

• Starnes & Tabor, 2020 (selections from chapter 3)

#### **Examples of Key Activities**

• Students will deepen their understanding of the relationships that exist between bivariate quantitative data using scatterplots, as well as linear and nonlinear models. Students will use Desmos to simplify complex calculations as well as explore the effect of unusual observations on the slope, intercept, correlation, and other statistics in a dynamic manner.

## Unit 4 – Sampling and Experimentation

#### **Topics for Overview**

- Introduction to Sampling Methods
- Simple Random Sample
- Other Sampling Methods
- Considerations When Sampling
- Sampling Project
- Observational Studies and Experiments
- Additional Principles of Experimental Design
- How to Experiment Well
- Experimental Designs
- Scope of Inference

#### Textbook Reading

• Starnes & Tabor, 2020 (selections from chapter 4)

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- Students will learn about sampling techniques and experimental designs, including their advantages and disadvantages, through a series of memorable and practical examples. Students will also learn about the pitfalls of data collection such as nonresponse bias, undercoverage bias, response bias, and wording bias. In this unit, students begin to understand the essential step of data collection as the first of many leading to statistical inference.
- Sampling Project: Students will complete a project that allows them to deepen their understanding of the critical step of data collection. They will have the flexibility to carry out a study on a topic of personal interest, which will enable them to engage with the material on a deeper level.

## Unit 5 – Probability

### **Topics for Overview**

- Introduction to Probability
- Probability Rules
- Applying Probability Rules
- Conditional Probabilities
- The Multiplication Rule for Dependent Events
- The Multiplication Rule for Independent Events

### Textbook Reading

• Starnes & Tabor, 2020 (selections from chapter 5)

## **Examples of Key Activities**

• Students will explore the foundational concepts of probability using many real-life examples. They will discover the rules of probability in an intuitive manner, making it possible to not only remember, but to apply their understanding to other situations.

## Unit 6 – Random Variables

#### **Topics for Overview**

- Introduction to Random Variables
- Discrete Random Variables: Mean
- Continuous Random Variables
- Transforming Random Variables
- Combining Two Random Variables
- Binomial Random Variables
- Binomial Probabilities
- Geometric Random Variables

## Textbook Reading

• Starnes & Tabor, 2020 (selections from chapter 6)

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• Students will learn about discrete and continuous random variables, including the binomial and geometric distributions. Students will use a complex interactive activity to gain a deeper understanding of the relationship between the number of expected successes and failures and the shape of the binomial distribution. Students will again be in the driver's seat when they use a complex interactive activity to carry out simulations involving spinning a carnival wheel and rolling a die to model binomial and geometric probability distributions.

## **Unit 7 – Sampling Distributions**

## **Topics for Overview**

- Introduction to Sampling Distributions
- Sampling Distributions Center and Variability
- Sampling Distribution of the Sample Proportion
- Calculating Probabilities for Sampling Distribution
- Sampling Distribution of the Sample Mean
- Using the Central Limit Theorem

## Textbook Reading

• Starnes & Tabor, 2020 (selections from chapter 7)

## **Examples of Key Activities**

 Students will explore the difference between population distribution, distribution of a single sample, and sampling distribution using many interactive activities in this unit. Students will select samples of 30 students from the state of Virginia to have a hands-on experience with the process of sampling and building a sampling distribution based upon repeated random samples selected from this population. Students will also explore the construction of a sampling distribution for populations that are approximately Normal, uniform, skewed left, and skewed right. These interactive activities are designed to simplify and bring to life what is typically a difficult concept.

## Unit 8 – Estimating Proportions with Confidence

## **Topics for Overview**

- Introduction to Confidence Intervals
- More about Confidence Intervals
- Preparing to Estimate a Population Proportion
- Estimating a Population Proportion
- Estimating the Difference between Two Population Proportions

## Textbook Reading

• Starnes & Tabor, 2020 (selections from chapter 8)

Students will learn the process of constructing and interpreting a confidence interval for a
population proportion and a difference in population proportions. To gain a deeper understanding
of the interpretation of the confidence level, students will use a complex interactive activity that
will allow them to explore and gain a visual understanding about why the confidence level
equates to the capture rate of the method being used to construct the interval. Students will be
able to control the confidence level, the value of the population parameter, and the sample size
when exploring this concept.

## **Unit 9 – Testing Claims about Proportions**

## **Topics for Overview**

- Introduction to Hypothesis Testing
- Type I and Type II Errors
- Preparing to Test a Claim about a Population Proportion
- Testing a Claim about a Population Proportion
- Testing a Claim about a Difference between Proportions

## Textbook Reading

• Starnes & Tabor, 2020 (selections from chapter 9)

## **Examples of Key Activities**

Students will learn how to carry out a test of significance for a population proportion and a
difference in population proportions. They will also learn about the possibility and consequences
of making a type I or a type II error. This unit uses many rich, real-life examples and relates the
process of making a decision based upon the test of significance with the results that would be
obtained had a confidence interval been used.

## Unit 10 – Estimating Means with Confidence

## **Topics for Overview**

- Preparing to Estimate a Population Mean
- Estimating a Population Mean
- Estimating a Difference in Two Population Means
- Estimating the Mean Difference

## **Textbook Reading**

• Starnes & Tabor, 2020 (selections from chapter 10)

## **Examples of Key Activities**

• Students will learn the process of constructing and interpreting a confidence interval for a population mean, a difference in population means, and a mean difference (paired data).

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Students will build on what they learned in the previous two units as they apply the four-step inference process to situations involving means. The students will explore this inference procedure using a variety of memorable and interesting examples.

## Unit 11 – Testing Claims about Means

### **Topics for Overview**

- Preparing to Test a Claim about a Mean
- Testing a Claim about a Population Mean
- Significance Tests and Confidence Intervals
- Testing a Claim about a Difference between Means
- Testing a Claim about a Mean Difference
- Choosing the Appropriate Inference Procedure

#### **Textbook Reading**

• Starnes & Tabor, 2020 (selections from chapter 11)

### **Examples of Key Activities**

- Students will learn how to carry out a test of significance for a population mean, a difference in
  population means, and a mean difference (paired data). Students will revisit the concepts of type
  I error, type II error, and power as they relate to means. They will also revisit the connection
  between two-sided tests of significance and confidence intervals.
- Statistical Inference Project: Now that the students have studied confidence intervals and tests of significance for one and two means and one and two proportions, they are now given the opportunity to carry out the entire statistical process, from data collection to inference, in their own statistical study. Students are welcome to choose a topic of interest, and are provided with sample topics and a model study to help trigger their imaginations. We all use statistics every day, often informally, and this project allows students to complete a comprehensive study that will give them a deeper, more personal understanding of the process of statistical studies.

## Unit 12 – Inference for Distributions and Relationships

#### Topics for Overview

- Preparing to Conduct a Chi-Square Test for Goodness of Fit
- Conducting a Chi-Square Test for Goodness of Fit
- Preparing to Conduct Inference for Two-Way Tables
- Chi-Square Test for Homogeneity
- Chi-Square Test for Association and Independence
- Preparing for Inference about Slope
- Confidence Intervals for Slope
- Significance Test for Slope

#### Textbook Reading

• Starnes & Tabor, 2020 (selections from chapter 12)

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 Students will learn how to carry out inference for counts, which follows a chi-square distribution. Students will learn about the tests for goodness of fit, homogeneity, and association/independence. These new applications will flow seamlessly from the understanding students have gained from the previous units. Students will also learn how to carry out inference for bivariate quantitative data-specifically, confidence intervals and significance tests for the slope of the least-squares regression line. This final topic will provide an excellent review of the material learned in Unit 3, completing the spiraling nature of the course and providing the students with all they need to perform well on the AP exam.

## Unit 13 – Exam Prep and Review

This unit will help students prepare for the AP Statistics exam. They will learn exam strategies for success, review content covered in the course, and practice test-taking techniques on two full practice exams.